

Ocean Data Management: The Way Forward

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OceanObs09

21-25 Sept. 2009, Venice, Italy



The way forward

The vision

(from preceding presentations)

1. C 1b "Growth in Data Sharing" by Sylvie Pouliquen

Conclusions & Next steps for future

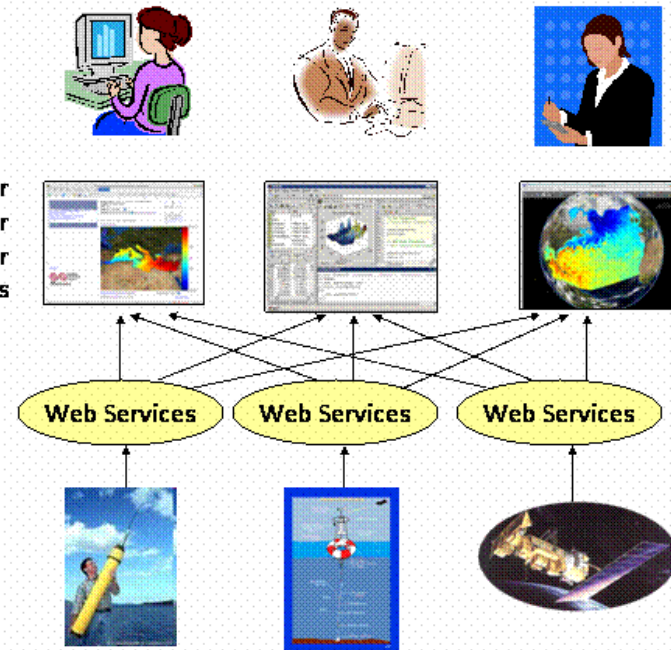
OceanObs'09
Ocean information for society:
sustaining the benefits,
realizing the potential
21-25 September 2009, Venice, Italy

- **Accessible:** free access
- **Comparable** agreements in real-time and delay independent of what
- **Understandable** community and distribution. Same
- **Recognized/cited** in science
- **Moving from** Observational satellite/ model output to users

4c "Infrastructure for Delivery" by Jon Blower

Where we want to be

Different user interfaces for different user communities



What can we predict for ocean data interoperability 30 years from now?

The crystal ball says,

We will largely achieve our vision.

Clients (users and machines) will be able to locate ocean information of interest readily; to use it with little effort in their preferred tools; to integrate information across institutions, disciplines, platform types, and time scales. Most data will be accompanied by rich descriptive metadata. Publications will be linked to version-specific data citations.



The crystal ball says,
We will achieve our vision.



From whence this confidence?

Today's evolving technologies will have stabilized.
Effective standards will be built upon them.

**We need a more nuanced
understanding of
“standards”**

*“Everybody loves
standards. That’s
why we have so
many of them.”*



Understanding “standards”

1. The Roman alphabet is an accepted standard, but it does not guarantee interoperability. “Standards compliant” isn’t enough.
2. IT standards are layered ... a pyramid. Each layer of the pyramid must be a solid foundation for the next.

Rapidly evolving technology is a weak foundation for bold, sweeping standards

- “Standards processes need iron-clad rules to ensure that they standardize existing best practice (don't innovate in standards!)”
- “No standard should be approved without having been used to implement a few projects of realistic complexity.”

The Rise and Fall of CORBA
(Henning, 2006)

Reflecting: OceanObs community progress ...

- At OceanObs 99
 - a demo of data integration using OPeNDAP: live access to data from 3 different sites; regridded, differenced & plotted on the fly.
- Technology to access distributed data was at a place similar to profiling float (Argo) technology
- In 2007 Argo reached its OceanObs99 goals
- There is no Argo-equivalent success story in ocean data integration. (Though very significant advances have been made.)

Why this difference?

A small, interdisciplinary community can
have trouble finding its voice.

#1 Foster the growth of a cohesive ocean data management community

Community projects advance when
users are engaged.

Argo has enthusiastic users.

**#2. To speed along data integration
we must engage users at every step.**

“...technology develops cumulatively, rather than in...heroic acts ...”

Jared Diamond, 1997 (Pulitzer Prize)

#3. “Heroic” visions should guide us, but our actions need to be incremental

Incremental: Argo is valued as one component
of the ocean observing system.

The incremental, cumulative approach ...

Steps leading forward.

We'll look at one example in detail
and suggest several others.

Today^(*)

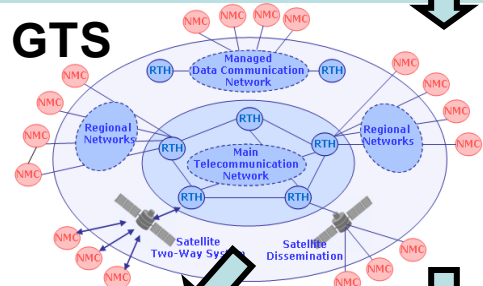
Obs



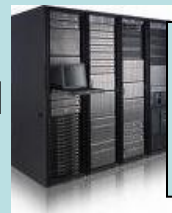
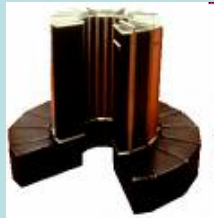
Telemetry



GTS



Data centers



assimilation centers

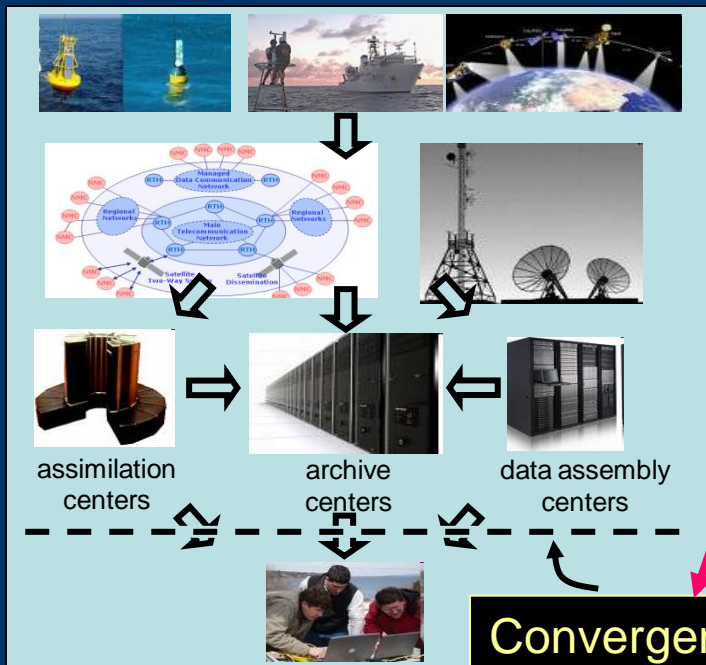
archive centers

data assembly centers

Convergence on uniform file formats:
netCDF-CF

* Schematic

A clear step: build on our successes



Convergence
of formats:
netCDF-CF

- I. Maintain momentum:
Argo, OceanSites, AVISO,
GHRSSST, underway obs, ... →
tide gauges, other satellites,
Ocean Atlas, GTSP, CPR(!),...
- II. Install THREDDS and
OPeNDAP servers.
Aggregate!

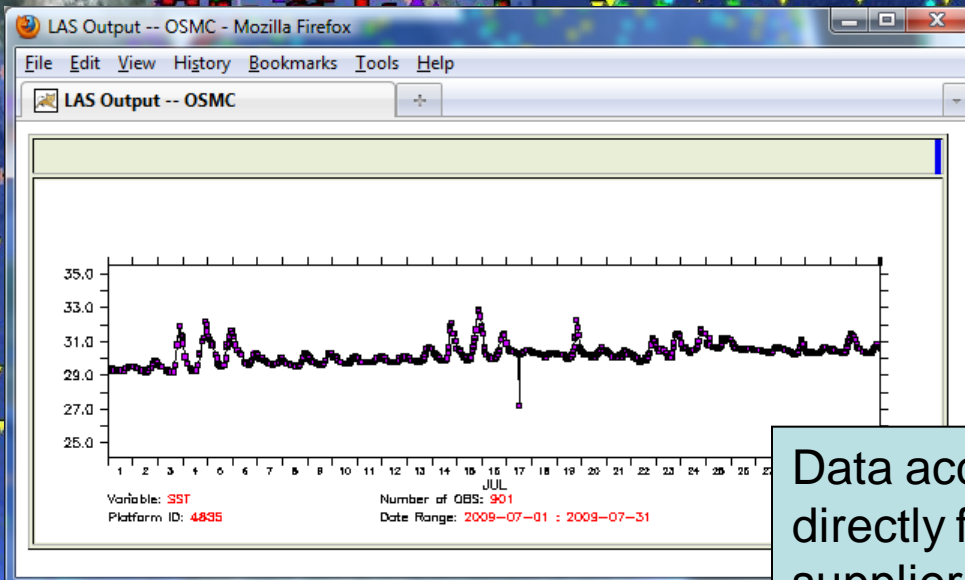
Through this incremental step: “a system”

Country: UNITED STATES
ID: 43520
Type: DRIFTING BUOYS (GENERIC)

Time: 31-JUL-2009 23:56:15

Location: 280.596, 31.5600

SST = 30.60



Data accessed
directly from the
supplier ...

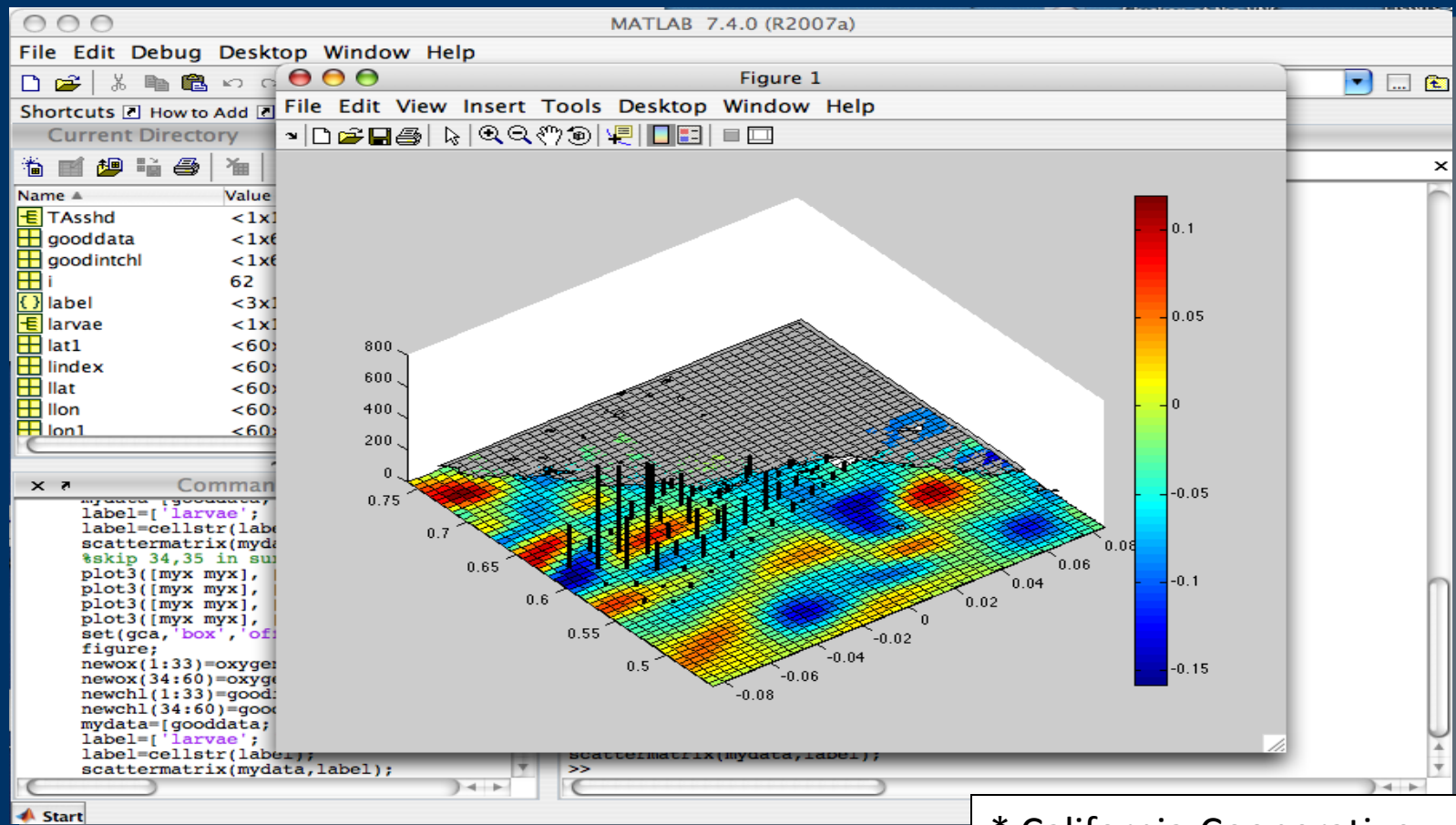
oogole

27°09'08.03" N 45°56'43.31" W elev -3614 m

Eye alt 7799.29 km

What's the lesson in this biologist's^(*) Matlab session?

Larval densities over Sea Surface Height anomalies
from remote data



* California Cooperative
Oceanic Fisheries Investigation

Engage users through the tools they use!

- ArcGIS®
- Matlab®
- ODV
- IDV
- Ferret
- GrADS
- ... multiple Web portals
- ... search engines (FTP, too)

Tweak^(*) popular
tools

* These clients already read netCF-CF grids.
Enhance to improve handling of *in situ* data

Bring our solutions into the standards processes

- Completed: NASA, IOOS
- In the pipeline: OGC, WMO
(WIS & WIGOS)

A ~3 year plan of coordinated actions

Like Argo

- a concrete achievable goal
- serves users
- one component of a complex solution
- complementing other parallel efforts

Parallel, complementary efforts

1. OGC (“GIS”) gateways

- WMS, CSML (climate), WCS, SOS, ...

2. Integrated archives

- E.g. SeaDataNet (EU archive integration)

3. GTS data access for the “common man”

- Partial soln’s today: Unidata (Motherlode), OSMC, GODAE Server, met centers (FTP), WIS (‘DAR’)

4. Biological systems

- Develop coordinated strategies:
iOBIS, OBIS, (CPR?) and emerging systems
- ocean obs+expert opinion+environmental data
→ biodiversity assessment

5. Metadata integration

- leverage JCOMMOPS accomplishments
- a strategy to ensure unique IDs
- interoperable vocabularies (BODC and MMI)
- enriched 'BUFR' contents (by 2012)
- use of SensorML

6. Coastal systems

- Link to efforts of US IOOS, Australian IMOS et. al.

5. Assimilation centers

- Feedback of data quality assessments (building on JCOMMOPS services)

Applied technology advancements ...

1. Unstructured grids (integrating coastal modeling)

- (work is well underway)

2. Consolidated abstract data model

- (work is well underway)

3. Cabled observatories

- high volume, bi-directional data

4. Performance and scalability

- 'cloud' computing, ERDDAP, DAPPER & server-side xforms

5. 'Web 2.0'

- E.g. 'Datapedia'

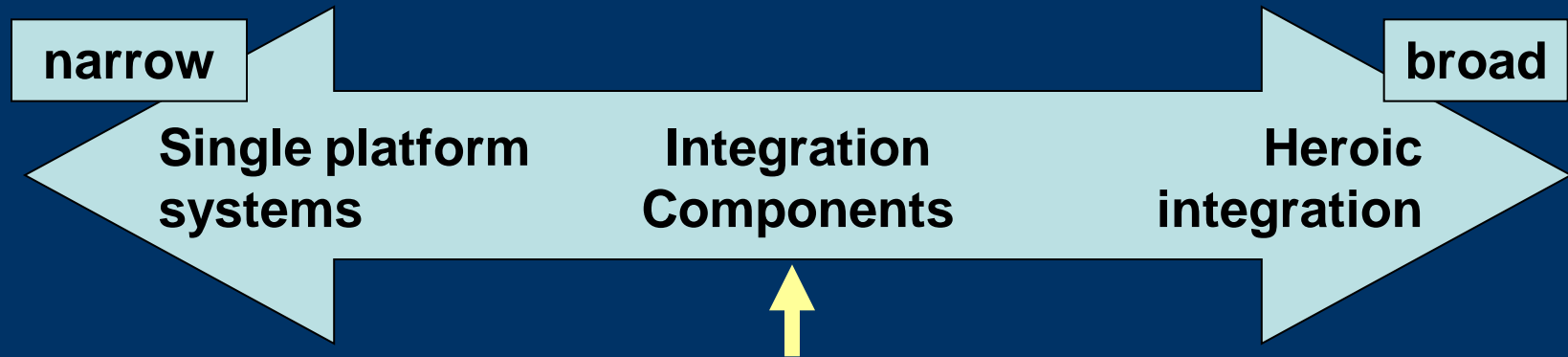
How to make community plans?

(Similar proposal in Bob Keeley's talk)

Another step in building a cohesive community: Ocean obs data management workshops

- agree on visions
- plan incremental, cumulative advances
- locate resources

Where funding is needed for integration



We need a business plan
to help support the
integration components
we depend upon

Thank you